ONLINE CLASSES WEEK - 38 (09.11.2020)

CLASS - V

English: Kindly see below

Hindi: Kindly see below

Mathematics: https://youtu.be/JqCg_6KiWw0

General Science: Kindly see below

Social Studies: Kindly see below

Computer Science: https://youtu.be/jCrvtivFQIU

General Knowledge: https://youtu.be/DjAY4AEp1js

Moral Science: Kindly see below

Physical Education: https://youtu.be/k-xPmtRz70s

Music (Guitar): https://youtu.be/ogC9poJKgAg

Music (Keyboard): https://youtu.be/Rw24NCxB2Es

Health & Sanitation: https://youtu.be/hdmIPIjFq8Q

Art Education: https://youtu.be/cnYbLFhRnT0

EMMANUEL MISSION SR SEC SCHOOL, BEAWAR ENGLISH - I

CLASS - V

Chapter -7 The Thief Is Caught

Understanding the text

1. How did Emil guess that Black Hat had taken his money?

Ans. Emil did not like Black Hat from the moment he saw him in the compartment of the train. When Emil was left alone with Black hat in the compartment, he decided to watch the man carefully. When Emil woke up from his nap, he realized that Black Hat was gone and so was his money. So he guessed that Black Hat had taken his money.

2. Where did Emil meet Paul?

Ans. Emil started following Black Hat into the town from the station. When Black Hat went into a cafe, Emil kept watching him with anger and sadness. Noticing that Emil was looking worried, Paul came up and asked him what the matter was. This is how Paul and Emil met.

3. What did Paul do first after he promised to help Emil?

Ans. After he promised to help Emil, Paul first gathered his friends and thought of a plan to catch Black Hat.

4. Why did Paul send Tuesday home? What did he tell him?

Ans. Paul sent Tuesday home because only Tuesday had a telephone at home. He told him to go home and wait for his phone call with all the news.

5. How did the boys frighten Black Hat?

Ans. The boys frightened Black Hat by following him everywhere he went and doing everything he did.

6. From whom did Emil get the reward and why?

B. Choose the correct option.(Page-68 and 69)

Ans. Emil got the reward from the police. Black Hat was a notorious thief and police were looking for him. They had promised a handsome reward to anyone who helped them catch the thief. Emil had helped the police by trapping Black Hat at the bank.

		1 \	0	,			
1.	It was	idea to b	ecome detectiv	es and get the mo	ney back from Black Hat.		
a.	Emil's	b . Paul's	c. Tuesday's	(Ans:a)			
2.	Black Hat firs	st					
a.	a. Went to a hotel, then to a bakery and then to the bank						
b.	Went to a rail	way station, the	n to the hotel a	nd then to the cafe	e		
c.	Went to a cafe	e, then to a hotel	and then to the	e bank (A	Ans:c)		
3.	Emil entered	the bank with _	.				
		b . Fifty boys		er boys	(Ans: c)		
4.	The	checked th	e notes.	-			
a.	clerk	b . manager	c. cashier	(Ans:b)			
5.	Black Hat wa	s a					
a.	fraud	b . kidnapper	c. thief	(Ans: c)			
		l was					
a.	a gold medal	b . a big sun	n of money	c. a certificate	(Ans:b)		
		_	_				

C. Complete these sentences using the correct words in brackets.(Page-70)

- 1. I avoid all oily food. Every time I eat it, I get a headache. (Sometimes/every time)
- 2. We have a library membership so that we can borrow all the books we want to read. (so that/if)
- 3. Anu knocked Kiran down with her bicycle. She felt extremely bad about it. (almost/extremely)
- **4**. He cannot walk barefoot because the soles of his feet are hurting. (because/always)
- 5. If you want to go home early, please write a letter to the class teacher. (So that/if)
- **6**. I go by school bus usually (usually/never) but today my father dropped me at school.

D. Place the adverb form of the word in brackets correctly to rewrite these sentences. Write the new new sentences in your notebook.(Page-71)

- 1. The driver drove the bus carefully.
- 2. Watch out! You broke the table nearly.
- 3. I think she rather performed well.
- 4. She has almost finished making the quilt.
- 5. I have never seen a whale.
- **6**. They waved their arms wildly.
- 7. Sometimes we can hear the sound of birds.
- 8. I do not agree completely with you.

Complete these sentences with the correct words from the box. Use a dictionary if needed.(Page-71)

- 1. The city's most <u>notorious</u> criminal was arrested today. Everybody knows about his evil deedés.
- 2. The city of Indore is <u>famous</u> for its snack items. Every tourist that visits this place does not leave without trying them out.
- 3. Cheating in cricket made the two players very <u>unpopular</u>. Their fans don't cheer for them anymore.
- **4**. Mary kom has been one of the most <u>respected</u> sportspersons in India. People admire her for her strengths and achievements.

HINDI - II CLASS - V

सर्वनाम

प्रश्न.1 निम्नलिखित स्थानों में उचित सर्वनाम शब्द लिखकर वाक्य को पूरा कीजिए:

- (क)मेरा
- (ख)कुछ
- (ग)कोई
- (घ)स्वयं
- (ड) उसकी
- (च)वे
- (छ)यह

प्रश्न2- सही विकल्प चुनिए-

- (क) संज्ञा
- (ख) प्रश्नवाचक
- (ग)तीन
- (घ) संबध वाचक
- (ङ) मैं स्वयं ही दिल्ली जाऊंगा

प्रश्न3- सर्वनाम शब्द को रेखांकित करो तथा उसका भेद लिखो-

- (क) मैं- प्रुषवाचक सर्वनाम
- (ख)यह- निश्चयवाचक सर्वनाम
- (ग)वह- निजवाचक सर्वनाम
- (घ)आप, क्या- प्रश्नवाचक सर्वनाम
- (ङ)कुछ- अनिश्चयवाचक सर्वनाम

प्रश्न4- सहीसर्वनाम शब्द भरकर वाक्य पूरे करो-

उसका, हमे, हम, सभी

प्रश्न5 दिए गए सर्वनाम शब्दों का वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए-

- (क) उन्होंने मुझे घड़ी दी।
- (ख) कोई आया है।
- (ग) उनसे हमें यही उम्मीद थी।
- (घ) त्म्हारा नाम क्या है?
- (ङ) मुझे कुछ चाहिए।

प्रश्न6- सर्वनाम की परिभाषा उदाहरण सहित लिखिए।

उत्तर- जो शब्द संज्ञा शब्दों के स्थान पर प्रयोग किए जाते हैं सर्वनाम कहलाते हैं।

जैसे-वह, मैं, त्म, हम, आप, वे आदि।

पाठ-10 विशेषण

प्रश्न1-रिक्त स्थानों में उचित विशेषण भरिए:

- (क) प्रिय
- (ख) विशाल
- (ग) हरी
- (घ)दो
- (ङ) नटखट
- (च)वह
- (छ) सफेद
- (ज) स्रीली

प्रश्न2- उचित विशेषण शब्दों का प्रयोग करो:

लाल। मधुर सफेद मीठे बड़ा सुंदर

मोटा मेहनती

प्रश्न3- निम्नलिखित शब्दों में अन्य शब्दांश जोड़कर विशेषण बनाओ:

भारतीय भूखा ज्ञानी दैनिक धनवान यशस्वी धार्मिक सरकारी शहरी गरीबी

प्रश्न4- दिए गए वाक्यों में से रंगीन छपे विशेषण के भेद बताइए:

- (क) परिमाणवाचक विशेषण
- (ख) सर्वनामिक विशेषण
- (ग) संख्यावाचक विशेषण
- (घ) परिमाणवाचक विशेषण
- (ड) परिमाणवाचक विशेषण
- (च) ग्णवाचक विशेषण

प्रश्न5- विशेषण विशेष्य को अलग अलग कर लिखो

विशेषण विशेष्य घोड़ा काला गाय नीली भालू मोटा पाठ पिछला संत जानी

प्रश्न6- विशेषण किसे कहते हैं? उदाहरण सहित लिखिए।

उत्तर-संज्ञा या सर्वनाम की विशेषता बताने वाले शब्द विशेषण कहलाते हैं।

जैसे: हरा,दो, परिश्रमी, कमजोर आदि।

प्रश्नान- संख्यावाचक और परिमाणवाचक विशेषण में उदाहरण सहित अंतर स्पष्ट कीजिए।

उत्तर- संख्यावाचक विशेषण- संज्ञा या सर्वनाम शब्दों को संख्या का ज्ञान कराने वाले शब्द संख्यावाचक विशेषण कहलाते हैं। जैसे-दो, पहली, कुछ, बहुत आदि।

परिमाणवाचक विशेषण- संज्ञा या सर्वनाम शब्दों की नाप ,माप अथवा तौल का ज्ञान कराने वाले शब्द परिमाणवाचक विशेषण कहलाते हैं।जैसे 1 लीटर दूध, थोड़े फल, कंपनीआदि।

SCIENCE CLASS - V

Self Assessment

Ch-5, Types Of Animals And Plants

(A) Tick the correct	t answers :-			
1.These animals can	live both on land a	nd in water		
(a) squids	(b) turtles	(c) frogs	(d) birds	
2. This is not a bird				
(a) sparrow	(b) crow	(c) bat	(d) pigeon	
(B) Name the follow	ving			
1.Reptiles without le	gs	·		
2.Plants that have se	eds with two seed le	eaves	·	
(C) True or false				
1.Mammals lay eggs.				
2.Snacks use their legs to move around. ()
(D) Answer these qu	uestions			
Q1 What are mamma	als?			
Q2 Write three featu	res of amphibians?			

SOCIAL STUDIES

CLASS - V

Assignment – XVI

(Based on chapter 7)

Marks: 10 MM

4.	Tick	the	correct	answers.

1. Prairies are called the		
a. Rice bowls of the world	b. Wheat baskets of the world	d c. Milkpots of the world
2. Temperate Grasslands of	of the world lie in	
a. Torrid Zone b. Fr	igid Zone c. Tempera	ate Zone
Vegetation of prairies co	onciete of	

3. Vegetation of prairies consists of

a. Large stretches of grass and a few treesb. Large stretches of forests

c. Large stretches of palm, kikar and babool trees

B. Fill in the blanks.

The winters are	and summers are		in Prairies.
Animals are rear	ed on large areas called		
The	part of prairies is hilly.		
Foodgrains are s	tored in bins called	<u> </u>	
	Animals are rear The		Animals are reared on large areas called The part of prairies is hilly.

C. Write True or False.

- 1. Rice is the main crop grown in the Prairies.
- 2. Many trees are found in the Prairies.
- **3.** The farmers of the Prairies are very poor.
- **4.** Chicago is an important centre for slaughtering animals.

D. Answer these questions.

- 1. Describe a ranch.
- 2. Why were the bisons slaughtered on a large scale by European settlers?
- 3. Name the major temperate grasslands of the world.
- 4. Why are Prairies called the 'Wheat Basket of the World'?

MORAL SCIENCE

CLASS: V

Self Assessment

Ch-5 The Best Ship Is Friendship

(A) Complete the lines:-
1.True friends are very
2. God listens to all our problems
3. You share your innermost thoughts
(B) Answer the following:-
Q1 Why didn't the bear harm the person lying on the ground?
Q2 Why do we feel lonely without our friends?
Q3 How is god our friend, philosopher and guide?